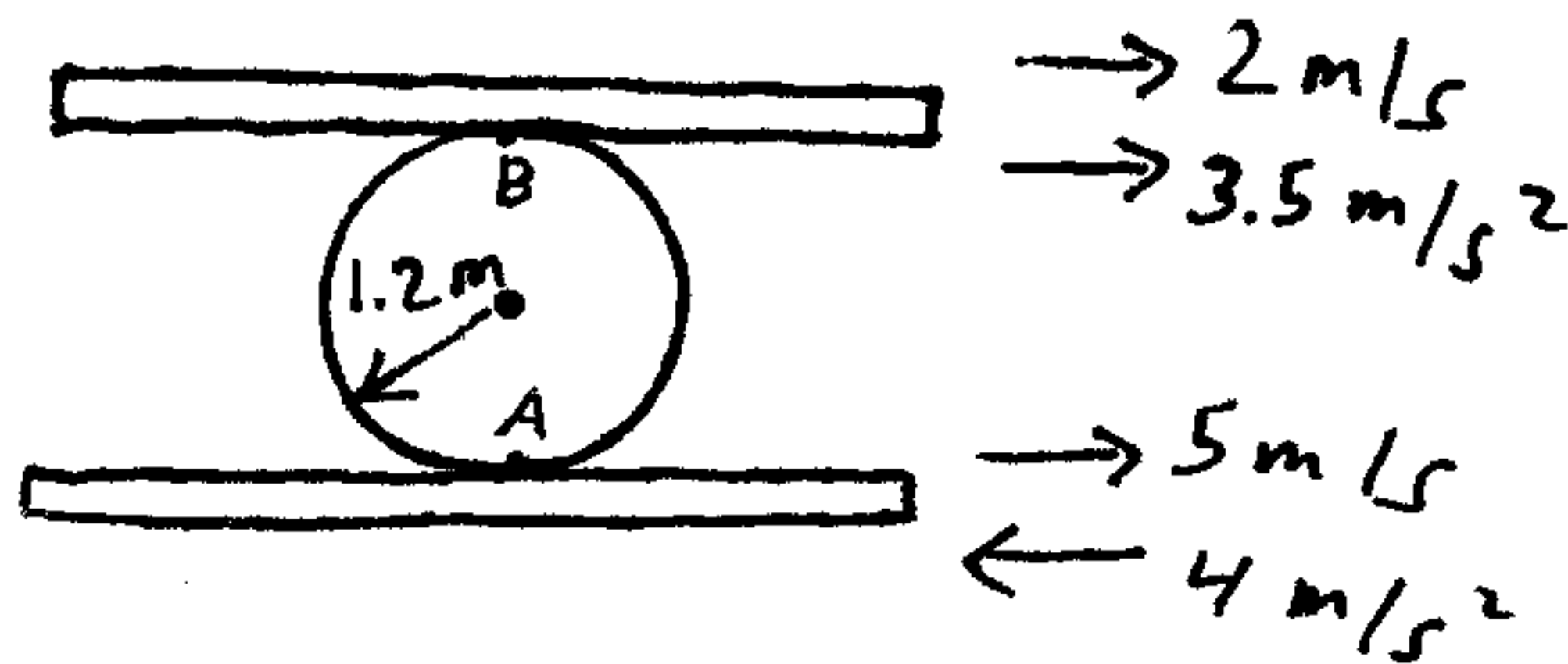
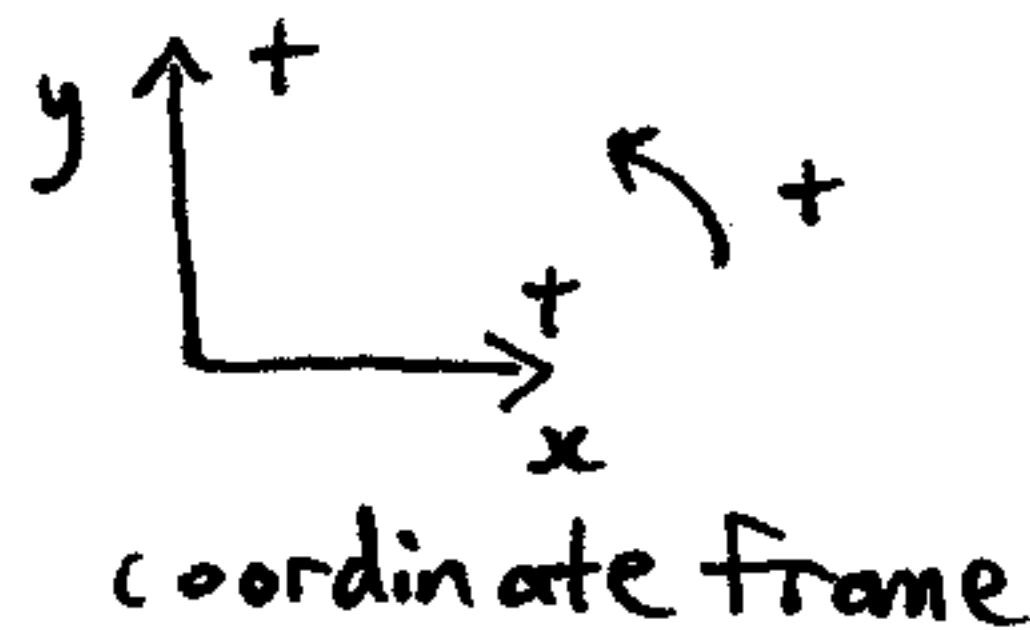


This is a 2D relative-motion problem involving acceleration (engineering mechanics).



At the instant shown, a cylinder is supported between two boards, and each board is moving with the velocity and acceleration shown. Determine the angular velocity and angular acceleration of the cylinder.

Solution:



We must assume there is no slipping between the cylinder and boards.

First,

$$\vec{v}_B = \vec{v}_A + \vec{\omega} \times \vec{r}_{B/A} \quad \left. \vphantom{\vec{v}_B} \right\} \text{for cylinder}$$

Substitute known quantities:

$$2\hat{i} = 5\hat{i} + \omega\hat{k} \times 2.4\hat{j}$$

$$2\hat{i} = 5\hat{i} - 2.4\omega\hat{i}$$

$$\Rightarrow \omega = 1.25 \text{ rad/s } \uparrow \quad (\text{answer})$$

Next,  $\vec{a}_B = \vec{a}_A + \overbrace{\alpha \times \vec{r}_{B/A}}^{\text{For cylinder}}$

Substitute known quantities:

$$3.5\hat{i} = -4\hat{i} + \alpha \hat{k} \times 2.4\hat{j}$$

$$3.5\hat{i} = -4\hat{i} - 2.4\alpha\hat{i}$$

$$\Rightarrow \alpha = -3.125 \text{ rad/s}^2$$

(or  $3.125 \text{ rad/s}^2$   $\rightarrow$ )  
(answer)

← leave out the centripetal acceleration component, since only tangential component of acceleration of cylinder to be equated to board acceleration, at point of contact.