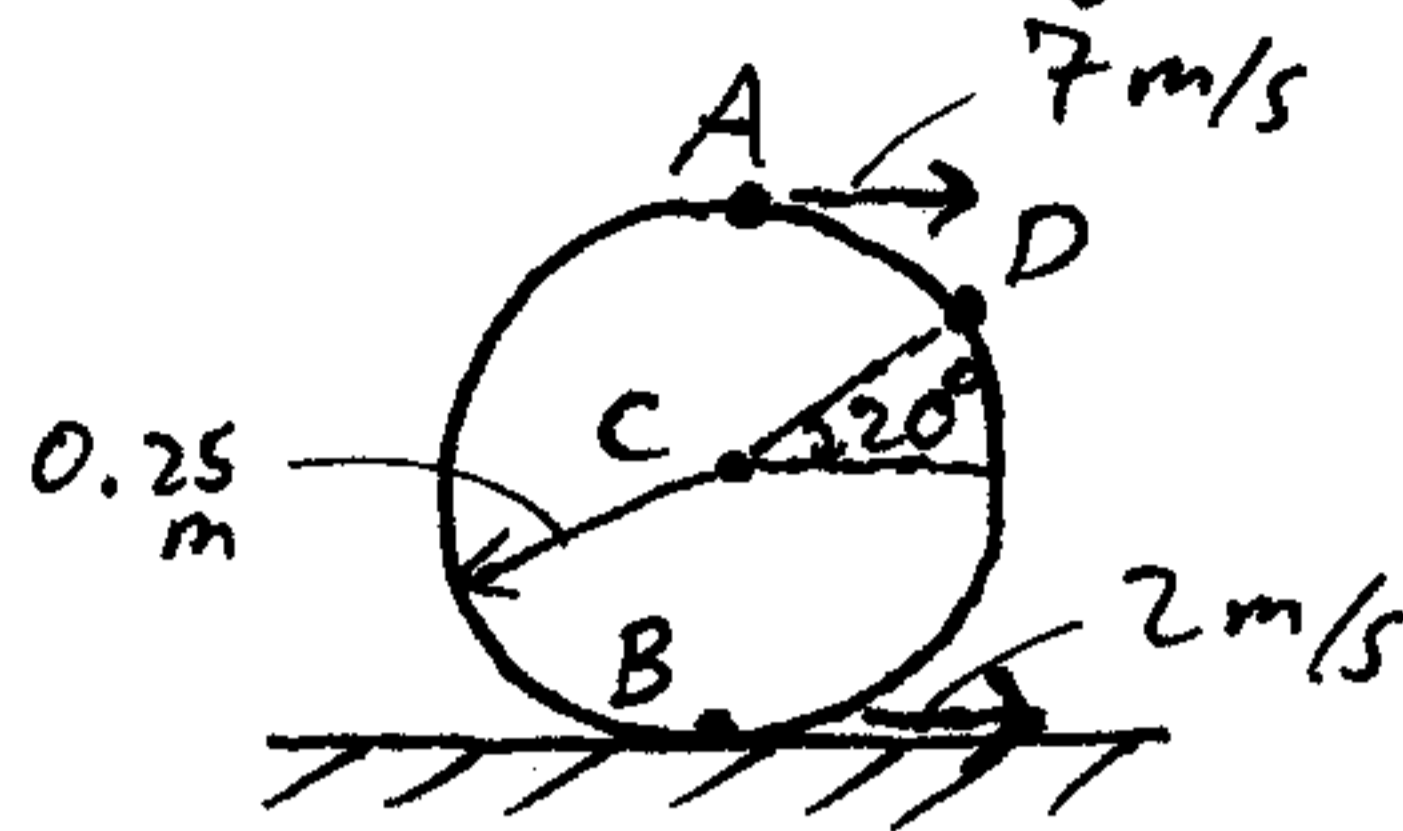
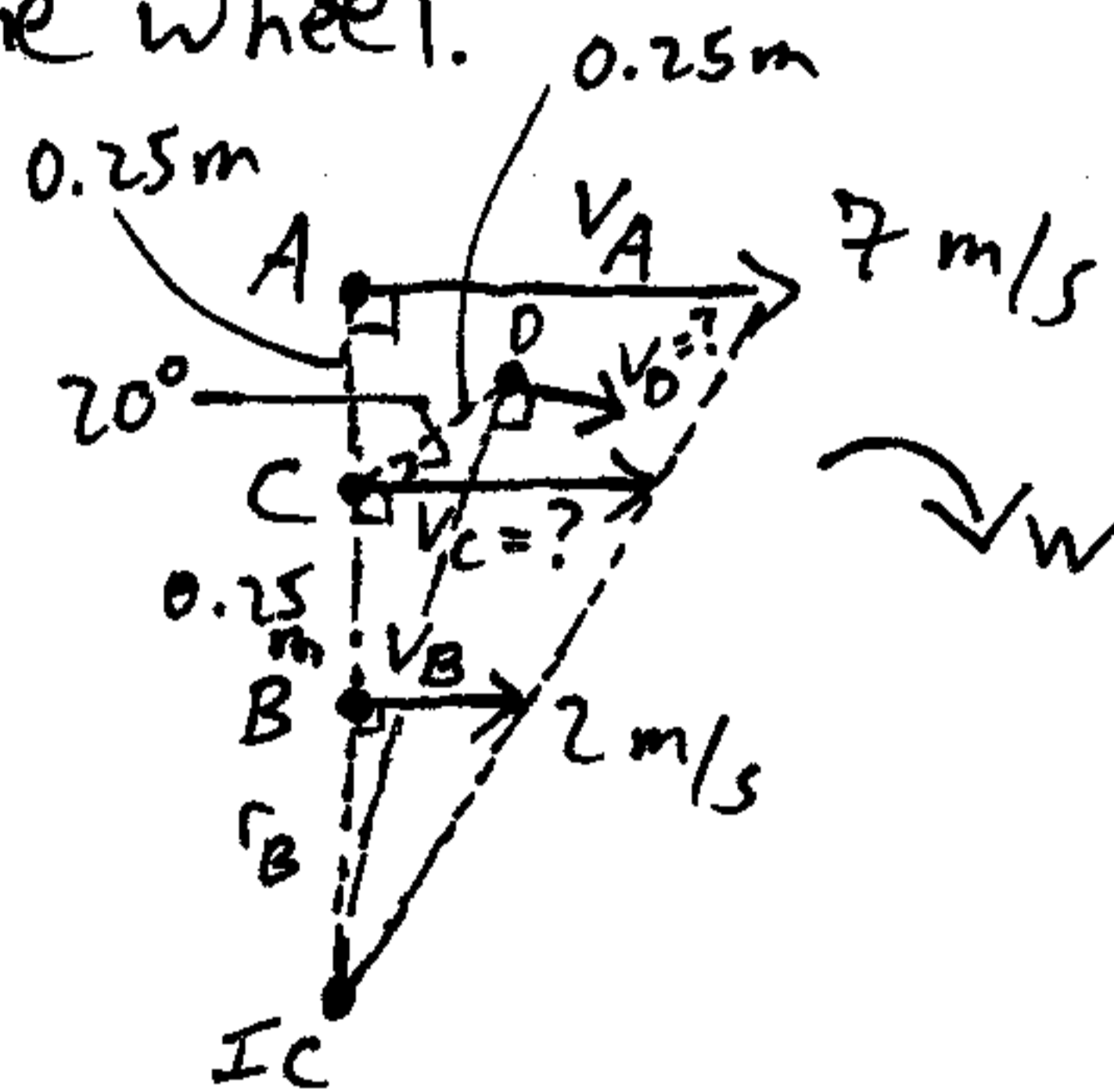


This is a problem involving instant center (engineering mechanics).



A wheel rolls with slipping on a surface, and as a result, the top and bottom of the wheel have a velocity of 7 m/s and 2 m/s, respectively. Determine the velocity of the center C and point D on the wheel.

Solution:



By similar triangles, $\frac{V_A - V_C}{0.25\text{ m}} = \frac{V_A - V_B}{0.5\text{ m}} = \frac{V_B}{r_B}$

Substitute known

values and solve for V_C : $\frac{7\text{ m/s} - V_C}{0.25\text{ m}} = \frac{7\text{ m/s} - 2\text{ m/s}}{0.5\text{ m}}$

$V_C = 4.5\text{ m/s}$ (ans.)

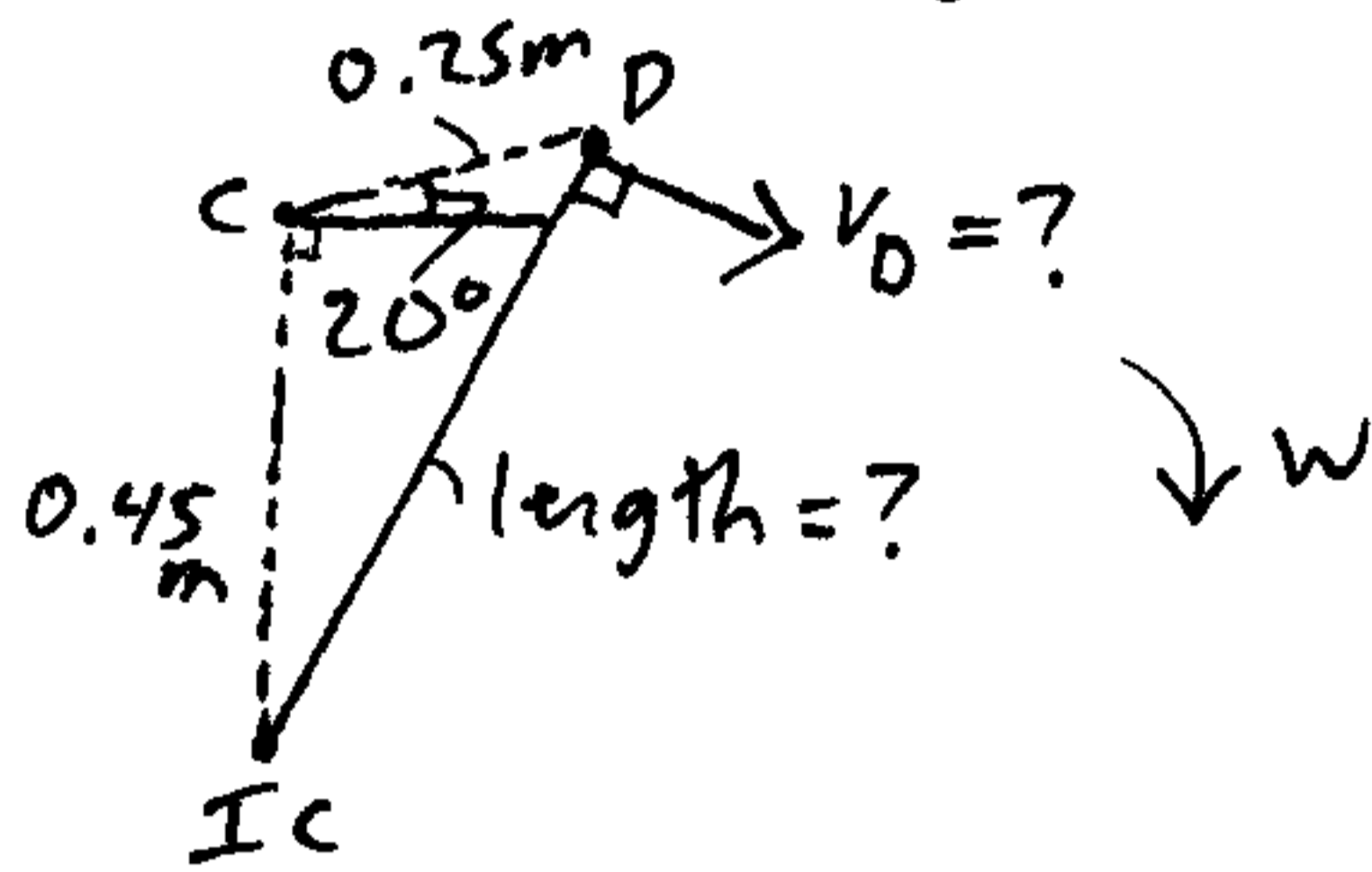
and $r_B = \frac{(0.5\text{ m})V_B}{V_A - V_B}$

$r_B = 0.2\text{ m}$

Now,

$$\omega = \frac{v_B}{r_B} = \frac{2 \text{ m/s}}{0.2 \text{ m}} = 10 \text{ rad/s}$$

Next find the length between I_C and point D .



By the law of cosines:

$$(\text{length})^2 = 0.45^2 + 0.25^2 - 2(0.45)(0.25)\cos(90^\circ + 20^\circ)$$

$$\text{length} = 0.585 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Therefore, } v_D = (0.585)\omega = (0.585)(10) = 5.85 \text{ m/s} \\ (\text{ans.})$$